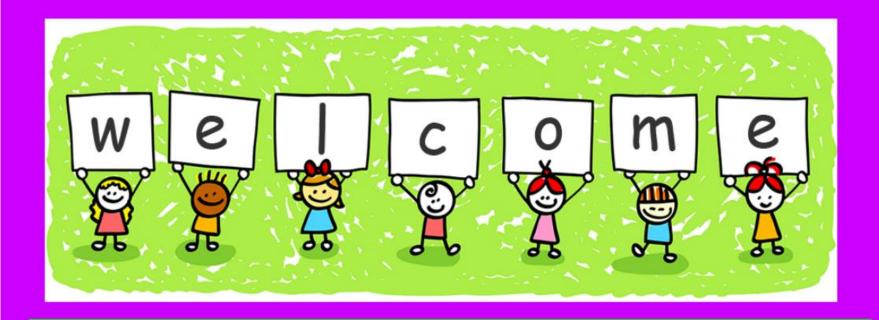
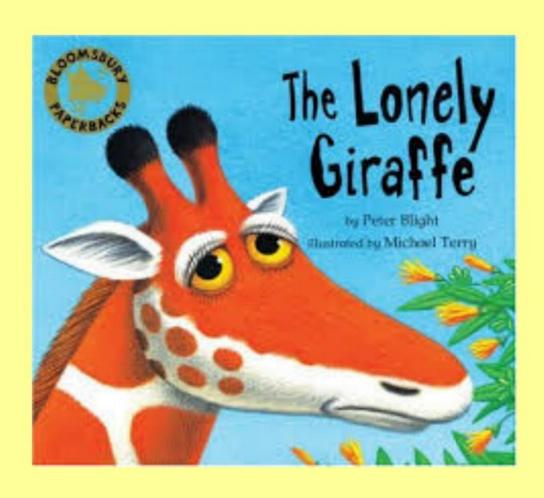
Tuesday 8th February 2022

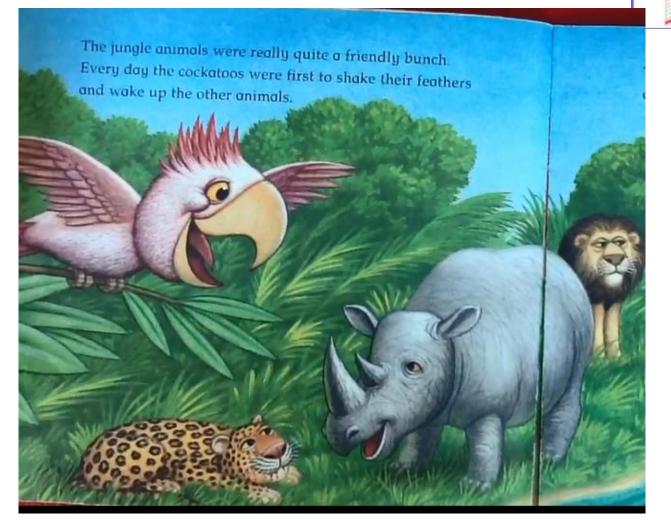


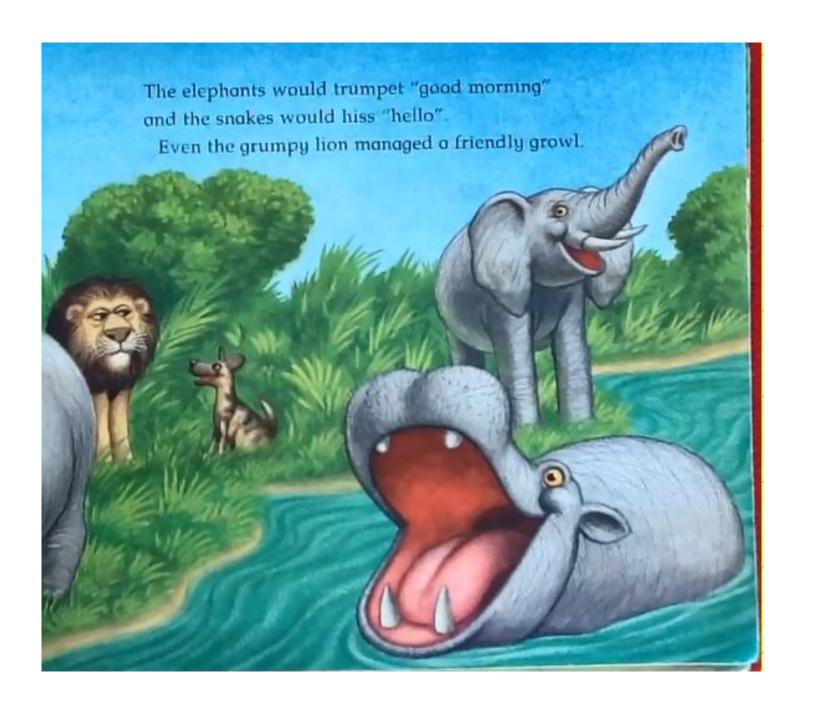
to Year 2 Remote Learning

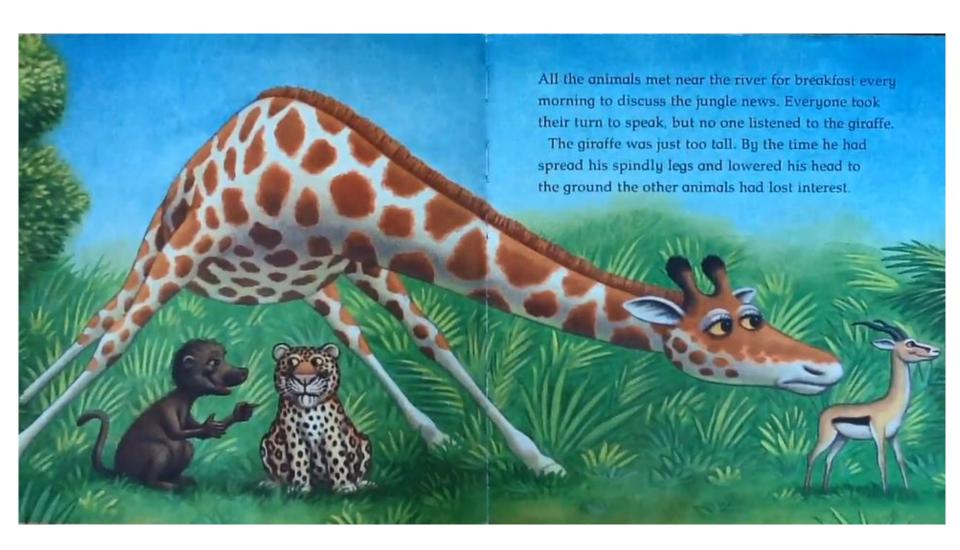
Literacy 9:00 - 10:15

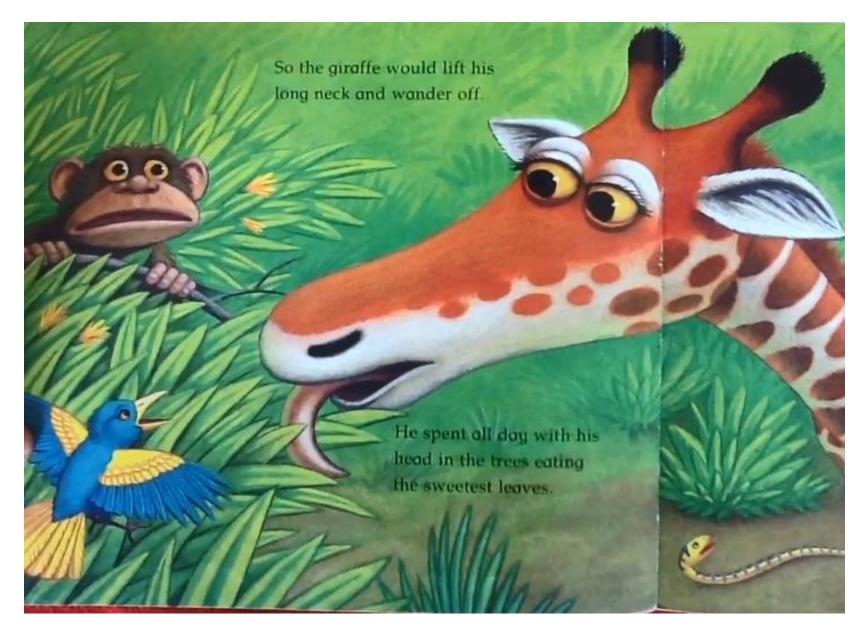


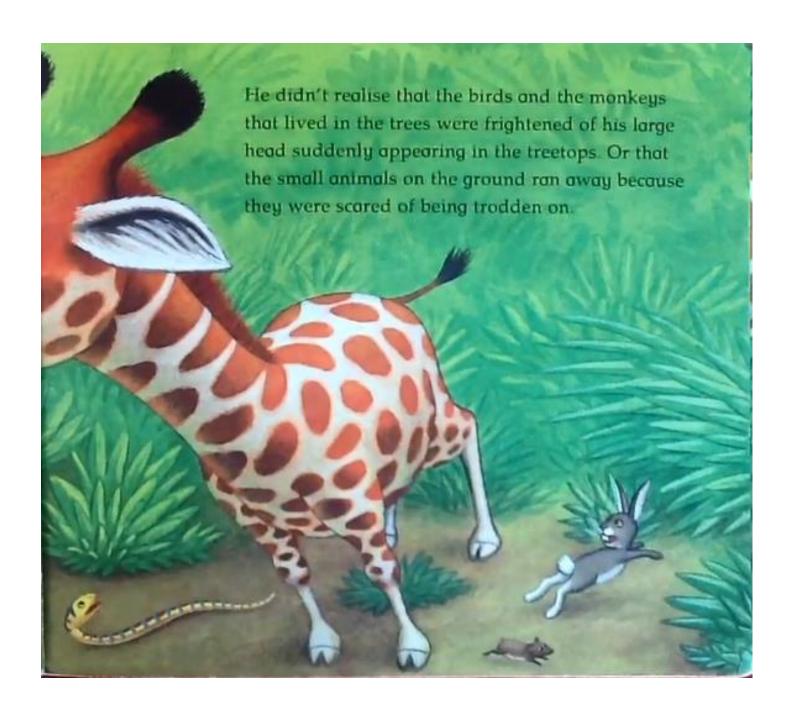
Get comfy and ready to read the story of The Lonely Giraffe.

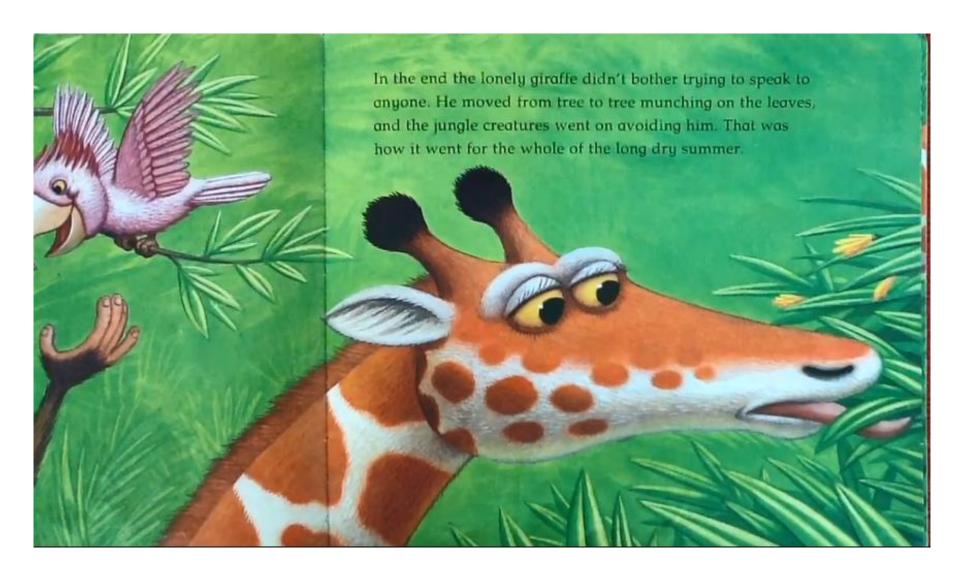


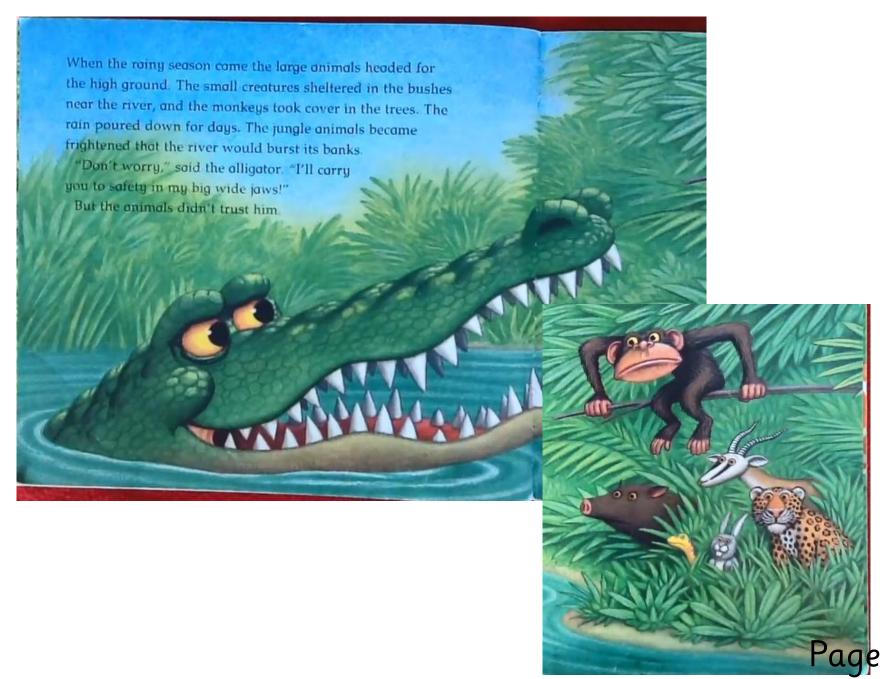


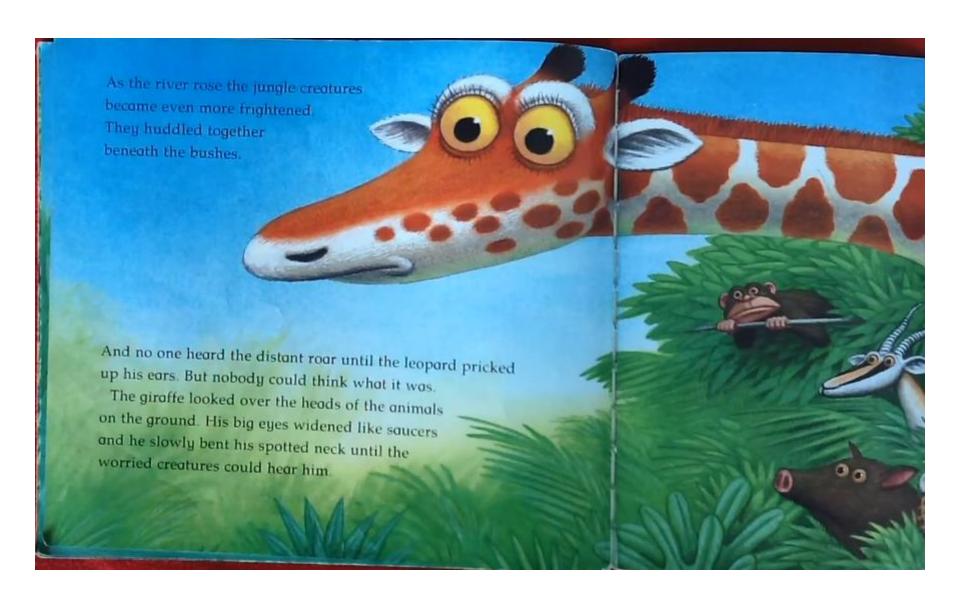












Lesson 2

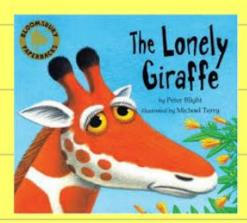
Tuesday 8th February 2022

I can describe feelings.

A50 A44 A51 A61 A57

Why do you think the giraffe is feeling lonely?

Read up to page 8.



Tuesday 8th February 20

<u>I can describe feelings.</u>

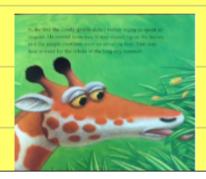
A50 A44 A51 A61 A57

Imagine you are the giraffe.

How are you feeling?

What has made you feel

that way?



List of Emotions

Confusion	
Uncertain	
Upset	
Doubtful	
Uncertain	
Indecisive	
Perplexed	
Embarrassed	
Hesitant	
Shy	
Lost	
Unsure	_
Pessimistic	=
Tense //	4
	-

Loving

Marvelous

Sad Strong Depressed Sure Desperate Certain Dejected Unique Dynamic Heavy Crushed **Tenacious** Disgusted Hardy Upset Secure Hateful **Empowered Ambitious** Sorrowful Mournful **Powerful** Weepy Confident Frustrated Bold **Determined**

Нарру	English	- /	A
Amused	He	ere	Α
Delighted			Α
Glad			F
Pleased			- Ir
Charmed			
Grateful			(
Optimistic			R
Content			Di
Joyful			0
- nthusiastic			

Energized nger Determined nnoyed Inspired gitated Creative Fed up rritated Healthy Mad Renewed Vibrant Critical esentful Strenathened Motivated isgusted utraged Focused Raging Invigorated Furious Refreshed Livid Bitter

Lesson 2

Tuesday 8th February 2022



<u>I can describe feelings.</u>

Imagine your are the giraffe.

How are you feeling? Why?

Write sentences describing how the girafee feels. Include the features listed below.



A44 A50

Use 'because' to explain why.

and



<u>A51 A44 A50</u>

Use connectives to extend your sentences.

but

because



A67 A57

Inlaude feelings language.

that when









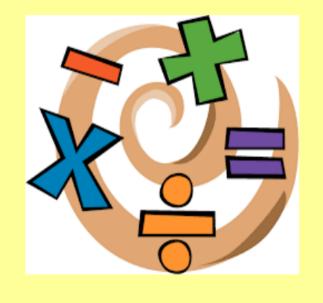


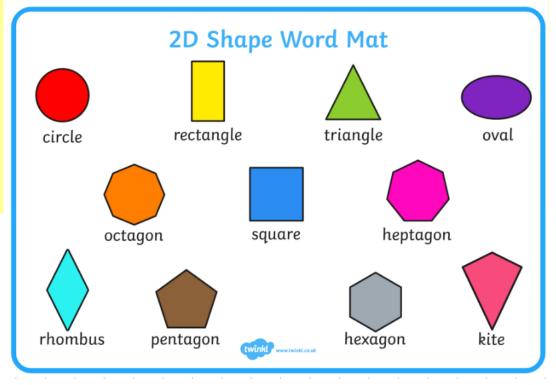


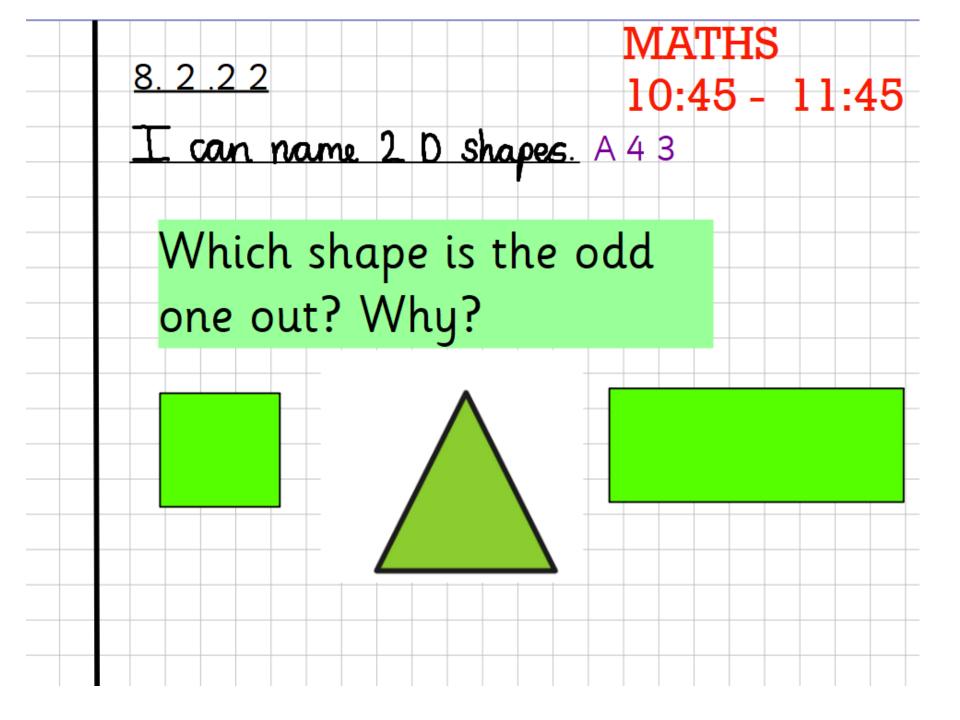


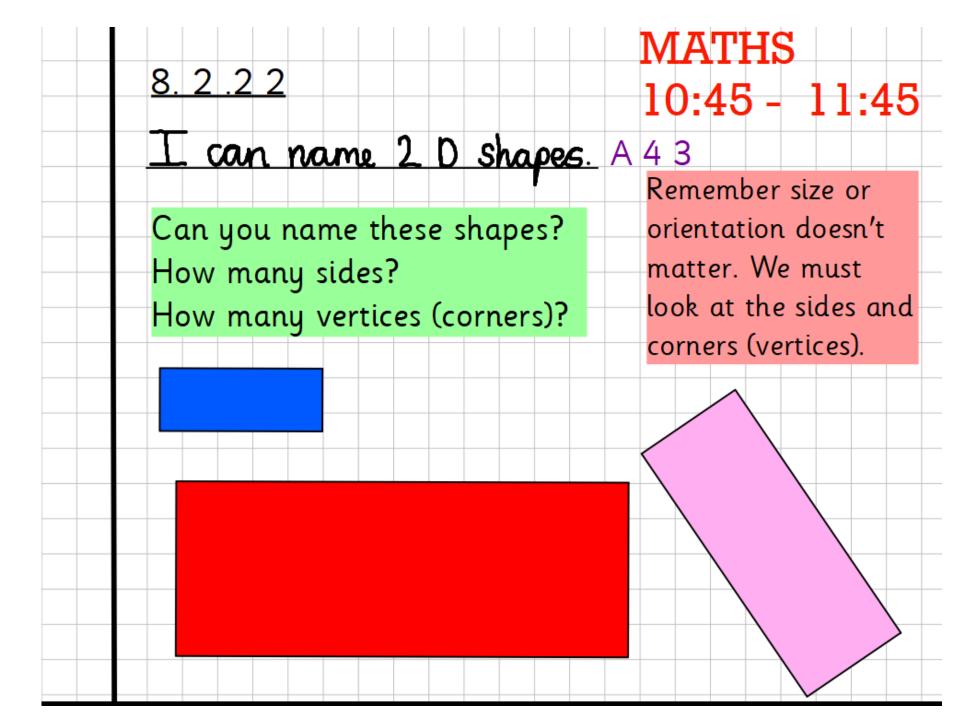
Maths

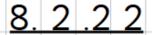
10:45 - 11:45









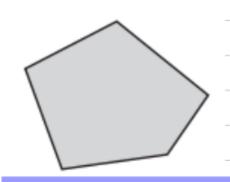




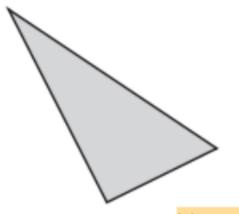
MATHS 10:45 - 11:45

I can name 2 D shapes. A 4 3

What do you notice about these shapes? Can we name them?



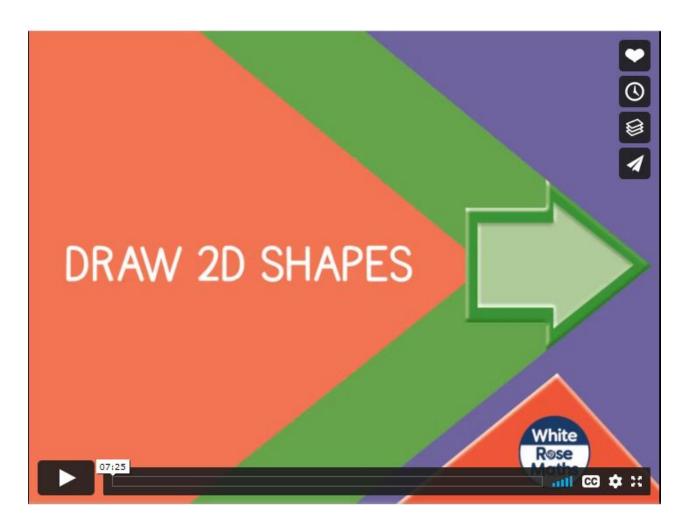
How many sides?



How many vertices?

Some shapes are irregular. We must count the vertices and sides to help us identify the shape.

Click on the link below to learn and complete the worksheet on the next slide.



https://vimeo.com/506146175

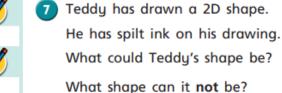
Draw 2D shapes



Draw two different squares.



Draw three different rectangles.



How do you know?



Draw three different triangles.





Draw three different hexagons.



Compare all the shapes you have drawn with a partner. What differences can you see?

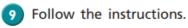


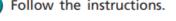
8

Do you agree with Whitney? Whu?







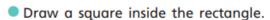




Draw your answer on a squared grid. Draw a rectangle in the centre of the grid.

I have drawn

a triangle.



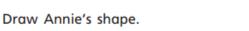
- Draw a hexagon below the rectangle.
- Draw a triangle above the rectangle.

Make up some instructions like this for a partner.



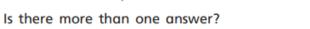






My shape has

5 vertices.









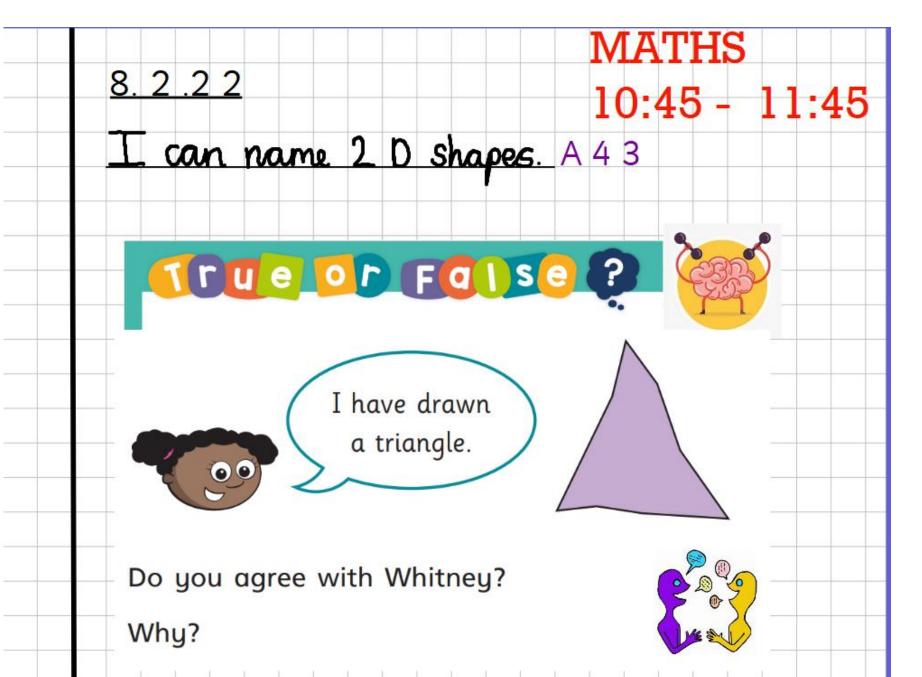












Handwriting 11:45 – 12:00

Handwritina 3th February

Theme 2:00 - 3:00



8.2.22

I can identify mammals.



Can you remember any animals that live in Australia? What is a mammal?



Click on the links below to the videos to learn about mammals.

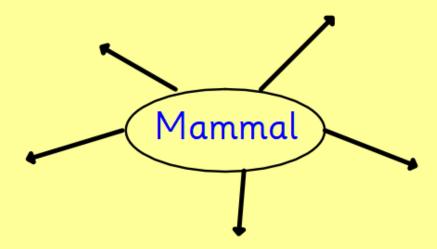
8.2.22

I can identify mammals



What have you learned about mammals?

Make some notes below.



Write sentences to describe the features of mammals.

8.2.22 I can identify mammals.





A koala is a mammal because

Mammals have but don't have



Vocabulary

warm bloode give birth fur

ears

legs

8.2.22

I can identify mammals.

Share what you have learned today.

How do we know if an animal is a mammal?

What are the features of mammals?





Mammals for Kids | Learn all about the unique characteristics of mammals and what mammals are! - YouTube